Infectious Disease

Types of pathogen that make us ill

Bacteria – reproduce and release toxins

Virus – invade our cells, reproduce and cause the cell to burst

Fungi – grow and penetrate our skin, causing disease

Protists – single cell eukaryotes (no nucleus)

How pathogens are spread

Water – drinking contaminated water, eg. water infected with cholera (a bacterial infection).

Direct contact – transfer of pathogens by touching contaminated objects.

Air – pathogens transferred in droplets from sneezing or coughing, such as the influenza virus.

Reducing Spread of Disease

Hygiene – washing hands before cooking and after sneezing.

Killing vectors – Insects that carry diseases are called vectors. Killing them or destroying their habitats can prevent the spread of disease.

Isolating infected people – prevents them passing the disease to anyone else.

Vaccination – the person cannot become infected and pass it on. Animals can also be vaccinated.

Examples of Diseases

Disease	Caused by	Symptoms	Treatment/Prevention
Measles	<u>Virus</u>	Red skin rash & fever	Vaccination
HIV	Virus	Flu-like symptoms. Long term the body cannot fight other infections.	Antiretroviral drugs
Tobacco mosaic virus (TMV)	Virus	Mosaic pattern on plant leaves. Photosynthesis is inhibited.	
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Rose black spot	<u>Fungus</u>	Purple or black spots on rose plant leaves. Photosynthesis is inhibited.	Fungicides. Cutting off the infected leaves.
Malaria	Protist Spread by mosquitos	Fever.	Protection from mosquito bites (nets and insecticides).
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Salmonella	Bacteria from contaminated food.	Fever, stomach cramps, vomiting, diarrhoea	Poultry is vaccinated against Salmonella. Cook food properly.
Gonorrhoea	Bacteria A STD.	Pain when urinating. Discharge from penis or vagina.	Antibiotics. Using barrier methods of contraception.